

GCSE

Mathematics

Foundation Tier Unit 2 Number and Algebra Mark scheme

43602F

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Version 1.0 Final.

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aga.org.uk

Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
Α	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg, accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.149.
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a candidate has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the candidate. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the candidate should be penalised.

Questions which ask candidates to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to candidates who show no working.

Questions which do not ask candidates to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Candidates often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the candidate has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	4531	B1			
1(a)	Additional guidance				
	Four thousand five hundred and thirty or	ne		B1	
	1, 3, 7 and 21	B2	B1 two correct with no incorrect or three correct with at most or or four correct with one or two	ne incorrect	
	Ad	lditional g	uidance		
	1 x 21 and 3 x 7			B2	
	3 × 7			B1	
1(b)	3, 7, 21			B1	
	3, 7, 8, 21			B1	
	1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 21			B1	
	7			В0	
	1, 2, 3, 4			В0	
	1, 2, 3, 4, 7			В0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
	5 × 4 = 20 or 5, 10, 15, 20 ()	B1	oe $20 \div 5 = 4$
		dditional	nuidance
	Ignore incorrect statement alongside a	correct ca	
	20 is the 4 th multiple of 5		B1
	20 ÷ 4 = 5		B1
	it's quarter of 20		B1
1(c)	20 is a multiple of 5 (this is the question	on)	B0
	20 is in the 5 times table		В0
	5 divides into 20 (exactly)		
	5 is a factor of 20		
	5 fits into 20 (exactly)		
	5 goes into it (exactly)		
	20 goes into 5 (exactly)		B0
	20 is a factor of 5		
	Two point four six	B1	
	Ac	ditional (Guidance
0(-)	Two decimal point four six		B1
2(a)	Two decimal four six		
	Two point forty six		
	Two . four six		
2(b)	2050	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2(c)	Hundred(s) or four hundred(s) or 4 hundred(s) or 400 or 100(s)	B1	
			Guidance
	Four hundredths, 4 hundredths, 400ths of	or four 100	00ths B0
2(d)	26	B1	
	$2 \times 6 \div 4$ or $6 \times 2 \div 4$ or $6 \div 4 \times 2$ or $6 \div (4 \div 2)$ or $6 \div (4 - 2)$ or $2 \div 4 \times 6$ or $2 \div (4 \div 6)$	B1	oe
	Ad	ditional C	 Guidance
2(e)	Accept intermediate evaluation in calculation $2 \times 6 = 12$, $(12) \div 4 (= 3)$ $2 \div 4 = 0.5$, $(0.5) \times 6 (= 3)$	ation	B1
	$2 \times \frac{6}{4}$ or $\frac{2 \times 6}{4}$		B1
	$6 \times \frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{6 \times 2}{4}$		B1
	$6 \div \frac{4}{2}$ or $2 \div \frac{4}{6}$		B1
	6 ÷ 4 ÷ 2 or 2 ÷ 4 ÷ 6		В0
	$2 + 4 = 6$, $6 \div 2 (= 3)$		В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
3(a)	0.75	B1		
3(b)	30%	B1		
3(c)	<u>12</u> 15	B1		
	5	B1	Answer may be seen in the seq	uence
4(a)	Ac	dditional	Guidance	
	Accept -3 on answer line with 5 also se	en in work	king	B1
4(b)	35 and 41	B1	Either order Answers may be seen in the seq Ignore further working	uence
	6n + 5	B2	oe B1 $6n (+ k)$ with k any value	
	Additional Guidance			
	Accept other letter used eg 6x + 5			
	Ignore $n = $ before or $= n$ after their expr	ession		
4(c)	$6 \times n + 5$			B2
	$n \times 6 + 5$			B2
	$6 \times n \ (+ k)$			B1
	n6 + 5			B1
	$n \times 6 \ (+ \ k)$			B1
	n6 (+ k)			В0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
5	4 or 4 2 12 12 2 6 8 1 1 8 6 6 or 8 2 or 2 8 1 12 4 4 12 1 1 or 12 8 or 8 12 4 2 6 6 2 4	В3	B2 two correct lines eg 2 4 12 6 8 1 B1 one correct line eg 1 4 2 12 6 8	
	45 ÷ 5 (× 3) or 9 (× 3) or 45 × 3 (÷ 5) or 135 (÷ 5)	M1		
6(a)	27	A1		
		ditional C		
	A full method with equivalent fraction, deep $45 \div 10 \times 6$ or 0.6×45 with working			M1
	1 15	B1	oe	
6(b)	Ac	ditional C	Guidance	
	$\left(\frac{5}{15} \times \frac{3}{15} = \right) \frac{15}{225}$			B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	14 × 8 or 112 or 14 × 7	M1			
	Yes and 14 × 8 = 112 or Yes and 14 × 7 = 98	Q1	Strand (ii) Correct decision with fully correc	t working	
	Alternative method 2				
	98 ÷ 14 or 7 or 98 ÷ 8 or 12()	M1			
7	Yes and $98 \div 14 = 7$ or Yes and $98 \div 8 = 12()$	Q1	Strand (ii) Correct decision with fully correct	t working	
	Alternative method 3				
	14, 28, 42, 56, 70, 84, 98	M1	Allow one error or omission		
	Yes and 14, 28, 42, 56, 70, 84, 98	Q1	Strand (ii) Correct decision with fully correct	t working	
	-	Guidance			
	Yes can be implied by a correct statement eg They have enough				
One error can lead to further incorrect values eg 14, 26, 40, 54, 68, 82, 96				M1Q0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	28 × 7 or 196	M1			
	0.2 × 7 or 1.4(0) or 1.2 × 7 or 8.4(0)	M1	oe		
	(7 + their 1.4) × 10 or their 8.4 × 10 or 84	M1	ое		
	280	A1			
	Alternative method 2				
	28 × 7 or 196	M1			
	0.2 × 10 or 2 or 1.2 × 10 or 12	M1	oe		
	(10 + their 2) × 7 or their 12 × 7 or 84	M1	oe		
8	280	A1			
	Alternative method 3	·			
	0.2 × 10 or 2 or 1.2 × 10 or 12	M1			
	28 + 10 + their 2 or 28 + their 12 or 40	M1	oe		
	their 40 × 7	M1	oe		
	280	A1			
	Alternative method 4				
	(28 + 10) × 7 or 266	M1			
	0.2 × 10 or 2	M1	oe		
	their 2 × 7 or 14	M1	oe		
	280	A1			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 5			
	28 × 7 or 196	M1		
8	7 × 10 × 0.2 70 × 0.2 or 14	M1	oe	
(cont)	(7 × 10) + their 14 or (7 × 10) × 1.2 or 84	M1	oe	
	280	A1		
9(a)	0.684, 0.7, 0.81	B1	oe decimal, fraction or perce	ntage
	(0).06 or $\frac{6}{100}$	B1	oe decimal or fraction	
9(b)	Additional Guidance			
	Condone use of comma eg. 0,06			B1
9(c)	(0).23	B1	oe decimal or fraction	
	18 × 0.5 or 9	M1	13.5 implies M1	
	13.50	Q1	Strand (i) Correct money r	otation
10(a)	Additional Guidance			
	13.50p			M1Q0
	17.5 – 4.5 or 13	M1		
10(b)	26	A1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	65 (English)	B1		
	74 (Maths)	B1		
11	62.5 (Science)	B1		
	Ad	Iditional C	Guidance	
	62.5 seen in working with answer 62 c	or 63		B1
	100	B1	Accept 1 hour 40 (minutes)	
40(-)	Ad	Iditional C	Buidance	
12(a)	100 seen with answer 1:40 or 1.40			B1
	1:40 or 1.40 without 100 seen			В0
	,			
12(b)	85	B1		
		•		
12(c)	A	B1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	<i>m</i> + 6	M1	oe			
	2(m+6) or $2m+12$	A1	oe			
13(a)	Additional Guidance					
	accept other letter used					
	$2 \times (m + 6)$ or $(m + 6) \times 2$			M1A1		
	$2 \times m + 6$			M1A0		
	$m + 6 \times 2$					

	Alternative method 1			
13(b)	m + their $(m + 6)$ + their $2(m + 6)$ = 66	M1		
	4m + 18 = 66 or $4m = 48$ or their $4m +$ their $18 = 66$ or their $4m = 66 -$ their 18	M1dep	Correctly collecting their three terms	
	12	A1		
	Alternative method 2			
	Correct evaluation of three correct values for A, B and C	M1		
	A further correct evaluation of three correct values for A, B and C with a total closer to 66	M1dep		
	12	A1		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
14	$x^2 + 4x$ and $2x - x^2$ or B and D	B1	Either order
	16 seen or 32 seen or 27 seen	M1	
15	(2x) 16 (+) 27 or 32 (+) 27	M1	
	59	A1	SC2 43

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
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	Alternative method 1 Price of 40 batteries using packs					
	40 ÷ 4 or 10 (packs used in offer A) and 40 ÷ 5 or 8 (packs used in offer B)	M1	oe 8 is implied by the use of 6 packs in offer B			
	their 10 x 2.52 or 25.2(0) or their 2.52 ÷ 3 x 2 or 1.68 or their 8 x 2.75 or 22 or $\frac{3}{4}$ x 40 ÷ 5 or 30 ÷ 5 or 6	M1	oe			
16	their 25.2(0) \div 3 × 2 or 10 × their 1.68 or 16.8(0) or $\frac{3}{4}$ × their 22 or their 6 × 2.75 or 16.5(0)	M1	ое			
	16.8(0) and 16.5(0)	A1	oe			
	(Offer) B	Q1ft	Strand (iii) ft for correct decision based on their values, with one correct value and first two method marks			
	Guidance					
	Allow any correct working in pence up to M3 Allow consistent working in pence for M3 and A1Q1ft					
	16.8(0) or 16.5(0) or 6 × 2.75 is minimum M0M1M1					

Q	Answer Mark Comments					
	Alternative method 2 Price of 40 batteries using unit price					
	2.52 ÷ 4 or 0.63 and 2.75 ÷ 5 or 0.55	M1	oe			
	40 x their 0.63 or 25.2(0) or 40 x their 0.55 or 22	M1	ое			
16 (cont)	their 25.2 ÷ 3 × 2 or 16.8(0) or $\frac{3}{4}$ × 40 × their 0.55 or 30 × their 0.55 or $\frac{3}{4}$ × their 22 or 16.5(0)	M1	oe			
	16.8(0) and 16.5(0)	A1	oe			
	(Offer) B	Q1ft	Strand (iii) ft for correct decision based on their values, with one correct value and first two method marks			
	Additional Guidance					
	Allow any correct working in pence up to M3					
	Allow consistent working in pence for M3 and A1Q1ft					
	16.8(0) or 16.5(0) is minimum M0M1M1					

Q	Answer Mark Comments							
	Alternative method 3 Price per batt	tery						
	252 ÷ 4 or 63		oe					
	and	M1						
	275 ÷ 5 or 55							
	their 63 ÷ 3 × 2 or 42	M1	oe					
	$\frac{3}{4}$ × their 55 or 41(.25)	M1	oe					
16	42 and 41(.25)	A1	oe					
(cont)			Strand (iii)					
	(Offer) B	Q1ft	ft for correct decision based on their values, with one correct value and first two method marks					
	Additional Guidance							
	Allow any correct working in pounds up to M3							
	Allow consistent working in pounds for M3 and A1Q1ft							
	42 or 41(.25) is minimum M0M1M1							

Q			Answer	Mark	Comments	
	5x - 2	or 5(x	-2) or $5x - 10$	B1	oe	
	5x - 2	. – (5 <i>x</i> –	10)		oe	
	or 5 <i>x</i>	- 2 - 5(<i>x</i>	x – 2)	M1		
	or 5 <i>x</i>	- 10 - (5x - 2)	1		
	or 5(x	(c-2)-(6)	5 <i>x</i> – 2)			
					oe	
					Strand (ii) complete and corre	•
			+ 10 = 8	Q1	SC2 At least two pairs of corre trials for both number machine	
	or $5x$	- 10 - 5	x + 2 = -8		input and a difference of 8	
					SC1 One pair of correctly evalue both number machines with sa a difference of 8	
	Additional Guidance					
	Accept other letter used					
17	$x \times 5 - 2$					B1
	x5 – 2					B0
	Do not accept $x - 2 \times 5$ for B1 unless recovered for B1M1 only					
	$3 \times 5 - 2 = 13$					004
	and (3 – 2) ×	5 = 5			SC1
	1	3	– 5			
	2	8	0			
	3	13	5			
	4	18	10			
	5	23	15			
	6	28	20			
	7	33	25			
	8	38	30			
	9	43 48	35 40			
	1.5		10			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments		
		1			
	2 (x) 66 or 3 (x) 44 or 2 (x) 6 (x) 11 or 3 (x) 4 (x) 11 or 12 (x) 11 or 2 (x) 2 (x) 33 or 2 (x) 3 (x) 22	M1	Any order Allow on prime factor tree or redivision. Condone 2 (x) 66 (x) 1 etc	peated	
18(a)	$2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 11$ or $2^2 \times 3 \times 11$	A1	Any order		
	Additional Guidance				
	2, 2, 3, 11			M1A0	

	Alternative method 1			
	2 (x) 5 (x) 11 = 110	M1		
	22	A1	SC1 11	
	Alternative method 2			
	List of factors of 110 and 132 up to 22 with 2 errors or omissions	M1		
18(b)	(1), 2, 5, 10, 11, 22 (55, 110)			
	and			
	(1), 2, 3, 4, 6, 11, 12, 22 (33, 44, 66, 132)			
	22	A1	SC1 11	
	Additional Guidance			
	(1, 55, 110) and (1, 33, 44, 66, 132) are not omissions			

19 32	B2	B1 4 or 16 or 0.5
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Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
20	5600 ÷ (5 + 3) or 5600 ÷ 8 or 700 3500 : 2100	M1 A1	SC1 2100: 3500